Solving Multi-step Equations Notes

Goal: isolate the variable.

Steps:

- Undo using inverse operations.
- Undo addition/subraction first, then multiplication/division unless parentheses are involved.
- If parentheses are present, consider the distributive property.
- If fractions are involved, consider multiplying by the reciprocal to "clear the fraction" rather than distributing.

$$\frac{2x}{a} = -42$$

$$2) 1/2x - 5 = 10$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \times = 15 \cdot \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$X = \frac{15}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{1} = 30$$

3)
$$2x - 5(x - 9) = 27$$

 $2x + -5(x + -9) = 27$
 $2x + -5x + 45 = 27$
 $-3x + 45 = 27$
 $+-45 + -45$
 $-3x = -18$
 $x = 6$

$$4) - 24 = 4/3 (x - 7)$$

$$\frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{-34}{3} = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{3} (x-7)$$

$$-18 = x-7$$

+7

$$-||=X$$

$$5) - 6/5 (x + 3) = 66$$

$$-\frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{5}{5} (x+3) = -\frac{5}{6} \cdot \frac{6}{1}$$

$$X + 3 = -55$$

 $+ - 3$
 $+ - 3$

$$x = -58$$